

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Afriany, F., Alfarisi, I., Sofa, A., Handayani, A., Sari, E., Lucvaldo, M., & Rudy, R. (2020). Agresif Verbal di Media Sosial Instagram. *Jurnal Administrasi Sosial Dan Humaniora*, 3(3), 23. <https://doi.org/10.56957/jsr.v3i3.94>
- Afrisia, R. S. (2019). *Penggemar Hallyu di Dunia Hampir Tembus 90 Juta Orang*. Cnnindonesia.Com.
<https://www.cnnindonesia.com/hiburan/20190110173339-241-359969/penggemar-hallyu-di-dunia-hampir-tembus-90-juta-orang>
- Arnani, M. (2022). *Viral Safa Space di Twitter, Kenapa Fans Kpop Militan Membela Idolanya?* KOMPAS.Com.
<https://www.kompas.com/sains/read/2022/05/20/163000023/viral-safa-space-di-twitter-kenapa-fans-kpop-militan-membela-idolanya?page=all#>
- Azwar, S. (2017). *Metode Penelitian Psikologi*. Pustaka Belajar.
- Bancin, E. L. (2018). *5 Fanwars "Legendaris" yang Pernah Terjadi dalam Fandom K-Pop*. Kumparan.Com.
- Berkowitz, L. (2023). *Emotional Behavior: mengenali perilaku dan tindakan kekerasan di lingkungan sekitar kita dan cara penanggulangannya*. PPM.
- Buss, A. H., & Perry, M. (1992). The aggression questionnaire. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 63(3), 452.
- Cahyani, D., & Purnamasari, Y. (2019). Celebrity worship on early adult K-Pop fangirling. *4th ASEAN Conference on Psychology, Counselling, and Humanities (ACPCH 2018)*, 167–170.
- CNN, I. (2022). *Indonesia Jadi Negara dengan K-Poper Terbesar di Twitter*. Cnnindonesia.Com.
<https://www.cnnindonesia.com/hiburan/20220126202028-227-751687/indonesia-jadi-negara-dengan-k-poper-terbesar-di-twitter/2>
- Cuyunda, D. I., Setiawati, O. R., Lestari, S. M. P., & Rukmono, P. (2020). Kontrol

- Diri dengan Perilaku Agresif Siswa SMA Negeri 1 Trimurjo Kabupaten Lampung Tengah Self-Control with Aggressive Behavior of Trimurjo 1 High School Students Central Lampung Regency. *Aggressive Behavior of Trimurjo 1 High School Students Central Lampung Regency, Jiksh*, 11(1), 122–128. <https://doi.org/10.35816/jiskh.v10i2.234>
- Dita, D., & Bagus, A. P. (2012). Pemujaan terhadap Idola Pop sebagai Dasar Intimate Relationship pada Dewasa Awal: sebuah studi kasus. *Jurnal Psikologi Kepribadian Dan Sosial*, 1(2), 53–60. file:///C:/Users/User/Downloads/dita & bagus.pdf
- Efathania, V. N., & Aisyah. (2019). Hubungan antara Big Five Personality Trait dengan Celebrity Worship pada Dewasa Muda Penggemar K-Pop di Sosial Media. *Jurnal Ilmiah Psikologi MIND SET*, 10(01), 1–16. <https://doi.org/10.35814/mindset.v10i01.734>
- Eliani, J., Yuniardi, M. S., & Masturah, A. N. (2018). Fanatisme dan Perilaku Agresif Verbal di Media Sosial pada Penggemar Idola K-Pop. *Psikohumaniora: Jurnal Penelitian Psikologi*, 3(1), 59. <https://doi.org/10.21580/pjpp.v3i1.2442>
- Febriany, S. F., Santi, D. E., Ananta, A., & Psikologi, F. (2022). INNER: Journal of Psychological Research Agresi verbal di media sosial pada remaja penggemar K-Pop: Bagaimana peranan fanatisme? *Journal of Psychological Research*, 1(4), 194–200.
- Giles, D. C., & Maltby, J. (2004). The role of media figures in adolescent development: Relations between autonomy, attachment, and interest in celebrities. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 36(4), 813–822. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0191-8869\(03\)00154-5](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0191-8869(03)00154-5)
- Hoffner, C. (2002). Attachment To Media Characters. *Encyclopedia Communication and Information*, 1, 60–65.
- Hoffner, C. (2008). Parasocial and online social relationships. *The Handbook of Children, Media, and Development*, 309–333.

- Hollows, J. (2010). *Feminisme , femininitas & budaya populer* (B. A. Ismayasari (ed.)). Jalasutra.
- Horton, D., & Richard Wohl, R. (1956). Mass Communication and Para-Social Interaction. *Psychiatry*, *19*(3), 215–229. <https://doi.org/10.1080/00332747.1956.11023049>
- Infante, D. A., & Wigley, C. J. (1986). Verbal aggressiveness: An interpersonal model and measure. *Communication Monographs*, *53*(1), 61–69. <https://doi.org/10.1080/03637758609376126>
- Krahe, B. (2005). *Perilaku Agresif: Buku Panduan Psikologi Sosial*. Pustaka Belajar.
- Kusuma, N. N. (2014). Hubungan Celebrity Worship Terhadap Idola K-Pop (Korean Pop) Dengan Perilaku Imitasi Pada Remaja. *Jp Psikologi Sosial*, *1*(1), 2–3. https://d1wqtxts1xzle7.cloudfront.net/35111508/Hubungan_Celebrity_Worship_Terhadap_Idola_K-pop_Korean_Pop_dengan_Perilaku_Imitasi_Pada_Remaja_oleh_Nawang_Nila_Kusuma.pdf?1413232989=&response-content-disposition=inline%3B+filename%3DHubungan_Celebrity_Wors
- Laksono, A. P., & Noer, A. H. (2021). Idolaku, sumber intimacy-ku: dinamika celebrity worship. *Jurnal Psikologi*, *17*(2), 139–156. <http://ejournal.uin-suska.ac.id/index.php/psikologi/article/view/12837/pdf>
- Lastriani. (2018). Fanwar : Perang antar fans idol k-pop di media sosial. *Jurnal Emik*, *1*(1), 87–100.
- Maltby, J., & Day, L. (2011). Celebrity worship and incidence of elective cosmetic surgery: Evidence of a link among young adults. *Journal of Adolescent Health*, *49*(5), 483–489. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jadohealth.2010.12.014>
- Maltby, J., Day, L., McCutcheon, L. E., Houran, J., & Ashe, D. (2006). Extreme celebrity worship, fantasy proneness and dissociation: Developing the

- measurement and understanding of celebrity worship within a clinical personality context. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 40(2), 273–283. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.paid.2005.07.004>
- Maltby, J., Day, L., McCutcheon, L. E., Martin, M. M., & Cayanus, J. L. (2004). Celebrity worship, cognitive flexibility, and social complexity. *Personality and Individual Differences*, 37(7), 1475–1482. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.paid.2004.02.004>
- Maltby, J., Houran, J., & McCutcheon, L. E. (2003). A clinical interpretation of attitudes and behaviors associated with celebrity worship. *Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease*, 191(1), 25–29. <https://doi.org/10.1097/00005053-200301000-00005>
- Mccutcheon, L. E., Lange, R., & Houran, J. (2002). Conceptualization and measurement of celebrity worship Illinois State Board of Education and Southern Illinois University School of Medicine ., *British Journal of Psychology*, 93, 67–87.
- Mubaroka, A., & Susanti, V. (2021). Potensi Kejahatan dan Penyimpangan Oleh Penggemar Akibat Pemujaan pada Idola (Fandom) Perspektif Kriminologi. In *JURNAL HUKUM PIDANA & KRIMINOLOGI* (Vol. 2).
- Myers, D. G. (2012). *Psikologi sosial, buku 1, ed. 10* (A. Tussyani (ed.); 10th ed.). Salemba Humanika.
- Nawardi, L., Sahrani, R., & Basaria, D. (2020). *Quality of Life of Early Adults that Become Celebrity Worshipers*. 439(Ticash 2019), 695–700. <https://doi.org/10.2991/assehr.k.200515.114>
- Oktaviani, H., & Ningsih, Y. T. (2021). Hubungan Antara Kontrol Diri Dengan Kecendrungan Agresi Verbal Pada Remaja Pengguna Media Sosial Instagram. *Socio Humanus*, 3(3), 265–271.
- Periantalo, J. (2016). *Penelitian kuantitatif untuk psikologi* (1st ed.). Pustaka Pelajar.

- Raviv, A., Bar-Tal, D., Raviv, A., & Ben-Horin, A. (1996). Adolescent idolization of pop singers: Causes, expressions, and reliance. *Journal of Youth and Adolescence*, 25(5), 631–650. <https://doi.org/10.1007/BF01537358>
- Rubin, R. B., & McHugh, M. P. (1987). Development of Parasocial Interaction Relationships. *Journal of Broadcasting & Electronic Media*, 31(3), 279–292. <https://doi.org/10.1080/08838158709386664>
- Safithri, N. A., Sahrani, R., & Basaria, D. (2020). *Quality of Life of Adolescent (Korean Pop fans)*. 439(Ticash 2019), 771–777. <https://doi.org/10.2991/assehr.k.200515.124>
- Santrock, W. J. (2012). *Life-Span Development Jilid 1: Perkembangan Masa-Hidup* (N. I. Sallama. (ed.); 13th ed.). PT Gelora Aksara Pratama.
- Sari, M. P., Purwanti, S., & Nurliah, N. (2022). Efek Hubungan Parasosial Penggemar Korean Pop Di Media Sosial Twitter (Studi Deskriptif pada Fandom EXO-L Samarinda). *Mediakom*, 5(2), 145–164. <https://doi.org/10.32528/mdk.v5i2.7876>
- Shi, M. (2018). The Effect of CWS on Adolescent Health. *Journal Article for Pop Culture Intersections*, 1–9. https://scholarcommons.scu.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1022&context=engl_176
- Sugiyono. (2017). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif dan r&d*. Alfabeta.
- Tartila, P. L. (2013). Fanatisme Fans Kpop Dalam Blog Netizenbuzz. *Commonline*, 2(3), 190–205.
- Tirtawijaya, H. (2022). *Pengaruh Fanatisme terhadap Tingkat Agresi Verbal Penggemar K-pop dalam Media Sosial*. X. <https://repository.unair.ac.id/118443/>
- Wulan, P., & Yosafat, H. (2013). Gaya Hidup Penggemar K-Pop (Budaya Korea) Dalam Mengekspresikan Kehidupannya Studi Kasus K-Pop Lovers Di Surakarta. *Jurnal Fkip UNS*, 3(1), 1–10.